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Shri. N. Sasidaran
President, SNMS, Mumbai

Shri. M. I. Damodaran
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General Secretary SNMS, Mumbai

Shri. K. Gopidhas
Assistant Secretary, SNMS, Mumbai

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Dr. Ravindran Karathadi, Principal

STEERING COMMITTEE

Prof. Karishma Kasare
Prof. Saraswati Nadi
Prof. Prasadhini Gautam
Prof. Mamta Meghna
Prof. Rishita Shukla
Prof. Lakshnichaya Kale

SEMINAR COMMITTEE

Dr. Sumi Nijith (Convenor)
Prof. Jayasree Venkitachalam (Co- Convenor)
Prof. S. P. Hinduja (IQAC Co-ordinator)
Dr. Bina Shukla
Prof. Naveena Suresh
Prof. Priyadarshan Shede
Prof. Sneha Sachin Jagadale

CONTACT

Website : www.sngcollege.in
Office Numbers : 02225263123
02225255353

SEMINAR SCHEDULE

8.30 am - 9.30 am - Registration and Breakfast
9.30 am - 10 am - Inauguration
10 am - 11am - Keynote Address
11 am - 1 pm - Technical Session 1
1 pm - 2pm - Lunch
2 pm - 3 pm - Technical Session 2
3 pm - 4 pm - Technical Session 3
4 pm- 4.30 pm - Valedictory Function

PAYMENT DETAILS

The Registration Fees will be accepted in the form of DD in favour of " Sree Narayana Guru College of Commerce" payable at Mumbai.

Or

RTGS/NEFT.

Bank Details :

Name of the Bank: Sree Narayana Guru Co-operative Bank Ltd.

Branch : Chembur (W), Mumbai.

Beneficiary Name : Sree Narayana Guru College of Commerce.

Account Number : 100203010000008

IFSC Code : SVCB0020002

MICR Code : 400068374

CATEGORY	FEES
Corporate Delegates and Academicians	1200
Students with Paper Presentation	1000
Only participation in Seminar	500

CONTACT PERSONS:

Dr. Sumi Nijith
7506459647

Prof. Jayasree V
9833528340

Sree Narayana Guru College of Commerce

Estd. : 1986

NAAC RE-ACCREDITED WITH 'B' GRADE

(PERMANENTLY AFFILIATED TO
UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI)

&

RECOGNIZED BY UGC
UNDER SECTION 2(f) & 12 B OF UGC ACT



Sree Narayana Guru College of Commerce

IN ASSOCIATION WITH

IQAC

ORGANIZES

ONE DAY NATIONAL SEMINAR ON

CHANGES IN

ECONOMIC POLICIES

IN INDIA SINCE 2014 –

IMPLICATIONS AND CHALLENGES

A MULTI DISCIPLINARY APPROACH

22nd FEBRUARY, 2020
SATURDAY

VENUE

SEMINAR HALL
SREE NARAYANA GURU COLLEGE OF COMMERCE
P.L. LOKHANDE MARG,
CHEMBUR, MUMBAI - 400 089

About the Institution

Sree Narayana Guru College of Commerce is a leading higher educational institution permanently affiliated to University of Mumbai, recognizes by UGC under section 2(f) 12 B of UGC Act and accredited with Grade 'B'. The College was established in 1986 by Sree Narayana MandiraSamiti (SNMS), a registered educational and charitable trust formed in 1963 by devotees of Sree Narayana Guru, the legendary saint and social reformer born in Kerala. The College is housed in an independent wing of Sree Narayana Guru Educational Complex on its about 5 acres of land at Chembur. "Gain Freedom through Education" was one of the clarion calls given by Sree Narayana Guru to millions of enslaved, oppressed and downtrodden masses to secure liberty, equality, fraternity & justice and to achieve social, economic and cultural progress. The College offers education to all irrespective of caste, creed, religion and economic status. Commitment of the management to serve the society better with enhanced infrastructure and high quality education is the strength of the institution.

About the Seminar

Government formulates many policies, (legal and economic) that guide different sectors in the economy. The government can implement a policy that changes the social behavior in the business environment. Economy need to be flexible enough to respond to changing policies from time to time. This is true only at the national level but more states and municipalities have their own set of rules. Indeed there are also international treaties that can influence the way companies do business

Objectives of the Seminar

India is regarded as a very promising emerging market economy. Continuing economic reforms are credited to be a source of economic growth and slowdown. How does economic policy change come about? Economic theories undergo transformation; old leaders are replaced by new ones. The expression of policy change is done through explicit policy announcements: legislative enactments are made and old ones repealed; new institutions are created, old ones shut down.

2014 was one of the most challenging years for India. For two consecutive years our GDP growth was sub 5%. Employment generation had declined, the revenue buoyancy was low and

the country had become investment starved. The 2014 general election results brought in an air of freshness. After thirty years, the Indian electorate gave a majority to a single party in the Lok Sabha. The host of economic reforms undertaken by the government has transformed India into the fastest-growing major economy along with the macroeconomic stability.

The uptick in economic growth has come from various economic reforms undertaken by the government such as improvement in ease of doing business, opening up to foreign direct investments, the push for infrastructure development and a stable and decisive policy environment. Make in India drive in 2014, demonetization of 2016, implementation of GST in 2017 was among major economic reforms during the period.

But the current economic scenario is entirely different. The crisis brewing within the Indian economy has gained unanimous acceptance by now. Even the latest annual report of the RBI for the fiscal year 2018-19 (or FY19) confirmed that the Indian economy has indeed hit a rough patch. The GDP growth rate of the economy has slipped to 5 per cent in the first quarter of FY20, the lowest in over six years. This is an indication of tougher times ahead. Be it the recent collapse of the automobile sector or the rising number of non-performing assets (NPAs), sluggish consumer demand or failing manufacturing sector; all have a hand in this deceleration of growth rate.

So, we have gone through economic growth and slowdown during the last five years. It may be the right time to evaluate challenges of economic policies during this period. Critical evaluation of economic policies adopted by the government may give an insight to rectify the economic policies. This helps the economy to regain growth momentum. Our economy has miles to go and good economic policies should reshape the future of Indian economy.

The objectives of the seminar are to bring close together various related aspects of the main theme of the conference. The deliberations of the conference are expected to analyze the implications and challenges faced by different stakeholders in the economy due to recent changes in government policies. We invite papers from academicians, industrialists, research scholars, professionals and students around the world to revisit the implications and challenges of recent changes in government policies in India.

Sub Themes:

- Changes in IPR Regime.
- New Education Policy.
- Changing CSR Arena.
- Corporate Governance and its new dimensions.
- Evaluation of Financial Inclusion policies of Govt of India.
- Recent Challenges and issues in Indian financial system.
- Indian Accounting Standards.
- Goods and Services Tax.
- Women Empowerment.
- Changing policies in the external sector and its implications.
- Make in India Initiative.
- Real Estate Regulation Act [RERA] and its implication.
- Evaluation of the Changing Agricultural Loan Policy.
- Emerging role of E Commerce Sector.
- Marginalization of Labour and its impact on employment.
- Issues of disinvestment in our country.

Paper Submission Information

Last Date for Full Paper Submission	20/01/2020
Word Limit of final paper	Maximum 2000
Abstract	Not exceeding 300 words
Format	M.S. Office
Medium	English
Font	Times New Roman
Size	12
Line Spacing	Single
Margin	1 Inch(All 4 Sides)

- The cover page of the manuscript must contain the title of the paper, author's name, college name, email address and contact number.
- References should be given at the end of the paper.
- Soft copy of the research paper should be forwarded to sgncseminar2020@gmail.com.
- Selected research papers after peer review will be published in UGC CARE List journals at an additional cost. Other peer reviewed research papers will be published in ISSN Journal with high impact factor.